1	CHARITY HEALTH CARE AMENDMENTS
2	2018 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
5	Senate Sponsor:
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions relating to the property tax exemption for certain
10	nonprofit health care organizations.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
14	<ul> <li>requires a nonprofit hospital or other health care related organization to comply with</li> </ul>
15	certain requirements to qualify for a property tax exemption;
16	<ul> <li>specifies the requirements for a nonprofit hospital or other health care organization</li> </ul>
17	to establish that property owned by the nonprofit hospital or other health care
18	related organization is used exclusively for a charitable purpose;
19	<ul> <li>specifies procedures for computing a nonprofit hospital's or other health care related</li> </ul>
20	organization's total gift to the community;
21	<ul> <li>requires a nonprofit hospital or other health care related organization to make</li> </ul>
22	certain statements and submit certain forms to the county to be eligible for a
23	property tax exemption; and
24	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:



	This offi provides a special effective date.
Utah	Code Sections Affected:
AME	NDS:
	59-2-1101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 129 and 261
ENA	CTS:
	<b>59-2-1117</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it	enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>59-2-1101</b> is amended to read:
	59-2-1101. Definitions Exemption of certain property Proportional payments
for ce	ertain property County legislative body authority to adopt rules or ordinances.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) "Educational purposes" includes:
	(i) the physical or mental teaching, training, or conditioning of competitive athletes by
a nati	onal governing body of sport recognized by the United States Olympic Committee that
qualif	ies as being tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
	(ii) an activity in support of or incidental to the teaching, training, or conditioning
descri	ibed in Subsection (1)(a)(i).
	(b) "Exclusive use exemption" means a property tax exemption under Subsection
(3)(a)	(iv), for property owned by a nonprofit entity used exclusively for religious, charitable, or
educa	tional purposes.
	(c) "Government exemption" means a property tax exemption provided under
Subse	ection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii).
	(d) "Nonprofit entity" includes an entity if the:
	(i) entity is treated as a disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes;
	(ii) entity is wholly owned by, and controlled under the direction of, a nonprofit entity;
and	
	(iii) net earnings and profits of the entity irrevocably inure to the benefit of a nonprofit
entity	•
	(e) "Nonprofit hospital or other health care related organization":
	(i) means an organization that:

59	(A) is organized as an entity that qualifies as being exempt from federal income
60	taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
61	(B) is organized to:
62	(I) provide hospital or nursing home care;
63	(II) promote health care; or
64	(III) provide health related assistance to the general public; and
65	(ii) includes a nonprofit entity that meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(e)(i)(B).
66	[(e)] (f) "Tax relief" means an exemption, deferral, or abatement that is authorized by
67	this part.
68	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (c), tax relief may be allowed only if
69	the claimant is the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year the exemption is claimed.
70	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a claimant shall collect and pay a proportional
71	tax based upon the length of time that the property was not owned by the claimant if:
72	(i) the claimant is a federal, state, or political subdivision entity described in
73	Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); or
74	(ii) pursuant to Subsection (3)(a)(iv):
75	(A) the claimant is a nonprofit entity; and
76	(B) the property is used exclusively for religious, charitable, or educational purposes.
77	(c) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to an exemption under Section 59-2-1104.
78	(3) (a) The following property is exempt from taxation:
79	(i) property exempt under the laws of the United States;
80	(ii) property of:
81	(A) the state;
82	(B) school districts; and
83	(C) public libraries;
84	(iii) except as provided in Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, property of:
85	(A) counties;
86	(B) cities;
87	(C) towns;
88	(D) local districts;
89	(E) special service districts; and

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90	(F) all other political subdivisions of the state;
91	(iv) property owned by a nonprofit entity used exclusively for religious, charitable, or
92	educational purposes;
93	(v) places of burial not held or used for private or corporate benefit;
94	(vi) farm machinery and equipment;
95	(vii) a high tunnel, as defined in Section 10-9a-525;
96	(viii) intangible property; and
97	(ix) the ownership interest of an out-of-state public agency, as defined in Section
98	11-13-103:
99	(A) if that ownership interest is in property providing additional project capacity, as
100	defined in Section 11-13-103; and
101	(B) on which a fee in lieu of ad valorem property tax is payable under Section
102	11-13-302.
103	(b) For purposes of a property tax exemption for property of school districts under
104	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B), a charter school under Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, The Utah Charter
105	Schools Act, is considered to be a school district.
106	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), if property that is allowed an exclusive use exemption or
107	a government exemption ceases to qualify for the exemption because of a change in the
108	ownership of the property:
109	(a) the new owner of the property shall pay a proportional tax based upon the period of
110	time:
111	(i) beginning on the day that the new owner acquired the property; and
112	(ii) ending on the last day of the calendar year during which the new owner acquired
113	the property; and
114	(b) the new owner of the property and the person from whom the new owner acquires
115	the property shall notify the county assessor, in writing, of the change in ownership of the
116	property within 30 days from the day that the new owner acquires the property.
117	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the proportional tax described in Subsection
118	(4)(a):
119	(a) is subject to any exclusive use exemption or government exemption that the
120	property is entitled to under the new ownership of the property; and

121	(b) applies only to property that is acquired after December 31, 2005.
122	(6) A county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to:
123	(a) effectuate the exemptions, deferrals, abatements, or other relief from taxation
124	provided in this part; and
125	(b) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given the county under this
126	part.
127	(7) A nonprofit hospital or other health care related organization shall comply with the
128	requirements specified in Section 59-2-1117 to qualify for a property tax exemption under
129	Subsection (3)(a)(iv).
130	Section 2. Section <b>59-2-1117</b> is enacted to read:
131	59-2-1117. Exemption of property of a nonprofit hospital or other health care
132	related organization used for exclusively charitable purpose Determination of
133	exclusively charitable purpose.
134	(1) As used in this section, "nonprofit hospital or other health care related
135	organization" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-1101.
136	(2) Property owned by a nonprofit hospital or other health care related organization is
137	exempt from taxation if it meets the requirements of this section.
138	(3) To qualify for a property tax exemption under this section, the nonprofit hospital or
139	other health care related organization owning the property for which an exemption is sought
140	<u>shall:</u>
141	(a) demonstrate that its property is used exclusively for a charitable purpose;
142	(b) (i) for a nonprofit entity described in Subsection 59-2-1101(1)(e)(i), demonstrate
143	that its net earnings and donations do not benefit a private shareholder or individual; or
144	(ii) for a nonprofit entity described in Subsection 59-2-1101(1)(e)(ii), demonstrate that
145	the net earnings and profits of the entity irrevocably inure to the benefit of a nonprofit entity;
146	(c) ensure open access to medical services regardless of race, religion, gender, or
147	ability to pay;
148	(d) demonstrate that its policies reflect the public interest;
149	(e) annually establish that its total gift to the community exceeds its tax liability for
150	that year as determined in accordance with Subsection (4); and
151	(f) demonstrate that tax exemptions extended to satellite health care facilities and

132	centralized support facilities enhance and improve the nonprofit hospitals of other health care
153	related organization's mission.
154	(4) (a) A nonprofit hospital or other health care related organization shall annually
155	establish that its total gift to the community exceeds its tax liability by computing:
156	(i) the amount and value of the institution's unreimbursed care to medically indigent
157	persons or subsidized patients, as measured by computing the applicable Medicaid
158	reimbursement rate for the professional or facility services provided to a medically indigent
159	person or subsidized patient minus any payments received by the medically indigent person or
160	subsidized patient; and
161	(ii) the tax liability for that year, as measured by computing:
162	(A) the amount of property tax revenues that would be realized by assessing the
163	hospital's or other health care related organization's real and tangible personal property; plus
164	(B) the amount of income tax revenues that would be realized if the hospital or other
165	health care related organization was subject to the state's income tax on net earnings.
166	(b) In determining a nonprofit hospital's or other health care related organization's total
167	gift to the community, the following may not be included:
168	(i) the value of volunteer and community service rendered for and by the hospital or
169	other health care related organization;
170	(ii) the value of the difference between standard charges and actual reimbursement for
171	patients covered by Medicare, Medicaid, or other similar government entitlement programs;
172	(iii) the value of volunteer assistance donated by individual to a nonprofit hospital or
173	other health care related organization; or
174	(iv) the value of monetary donations given to a nonprofit hospital or other health care
175	related organization.
176	(5) (a) A nonprofit hospital or other health care related organization shall make a
177	statement that the nonprofit hospital's or other health care related organization's total gift to the
178	community exceeds its tax liability to the county to be eligible for a property tax exemption
179	under this section.
180	(b) (i) The commission shall develop a form for a nonprofit hospital or other health
181	care related organization to calculate, in accordance with this section, its total gift to the
182	community and its tax liability to determine whether the nonprofit hospital or other health care

183	related organization is eligible for a property tax exemption under this section.
184	(ii) As a condition of claiming a property tax exemption under this section, a taxpayer
185	shall complete and submit to the county the form described under Subsection (5)(b)(i).
186	(iii) The form filed under Subsection (5)(b)(ii) is subject to audit by the state auditor.
187	Section 3. Effective date.
188	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2019.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel